## STARTLING STATEMENTS N A P E <br> NONTRADITIONAL <br> National Alliance for Partnerships in Equity

1. In 2012, $\qquad$ \% of firefighters were women.
2. In 2012, $\qquad$ \% of registered nurses were men.
3. In 2012, $\qquad$ \% of automotive service technicians were women
4. In 2012, $\qquad$ \% of childcare workers were men.
5. In 2012, $\qquad$ \% of carpenters were women.
6. In 2012, $\qquad$ \% of welders were women.
7. In 2012, $\qquad$ \% of dental hygienists were men.
8. In 2012, $\qquad$ \% of electricians were women.
9. In 2012, $\qquad$ \% of cosmetologists were men.
10. Women comprised $\qquad$ \% of the total U.S. labor force in 2011.
11. In 1987, in $17.8 \%$ of families in which both wives and husbands were employed, the wife earned more than her husband. In 2010, this percentage was $\qquad$ .
12. In 1970, wives contributed $26.6 \%$ to family income. In 2010, wives contributed $\qquad$ \% to family income.
13. Carpenters are expected to have a percentage employment increase from 2010 to 2020 of $\qquad$ \%.
14. The number of registered nurses is expected to increase by $\qquad$ between 2010 and 2020.
15. In $1975,47.4 \%$ of women with children under age 18 were in the civilian labor force. In 2011, $\qquad$ \% of women with children under age 18 were in the civilian labor force.
16. In 1975, $34.3 \%$ of women with children under age 3 were in the civilian labor force. In 2011, $\qquad$ \% of women with children under age 3 were in the civilian labor force.
17. In 2012, median weekly earnings for men in architecture and engineering occupations were $\$ 1,337$, while for women median weekly earnings were $\$$ $\qquad$ .
18. In 2012, median weekly earnings for men in construction and extraction occupations were $\$ 741$, while for women median weekly earnings were \$ $\qquad$ .
19. In 2012, median weekly earnings for women as registered nurses were $\$ 1,086$, while for men median weekly earnings were \$ $\qquad$ .
20. In 2011, women who worked full-time year-round earned $\qquad$ cents for each dollar earned by men.
21. 3.4\% (http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat11.pdf)
22. $9.4 \%$ (http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat11.pdf)
23. 1.2\% (http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat11.pdf)
24. $5.9 \%$ (http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat11.pdf)
25. $1.6 \%$ (http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat11.pdf)
26. 4.8\% (http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat11.pdf)
27. .7\% (http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat11.pdf)
28. $1.8 \%$ (http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat11.pdf)
29. 7.2\% (http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat11.pdf)
30. $58.1 \%$
(http://www.bls.gov/cps/wlf-databook-2012.pdf) see table 1
31. 29.2\% (http://www.bls.gov/cps/wlf-databook-2012.pdf) see table 25
32. 37.6\% (http://www.bls.gov/cps/wlf-databook-2012.pdf) see table 24
33. 21.2\% (http://www.bls.gov/emp/ep_table_110.htm)
34. 495,500 (http://www.bls.gov/emp/ep_table_110.htm)
35. 70.9\% (http://www.bls.gov/cps/wlf-databook-2012.pdf) see table 7
36. 60.9\% (http://www.bls.tov/cps/wlf-databook-2012.pdf) see table 7
37. \$1,136 (http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat39.pdf)
38. $\$ 723$ (http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat39.pdf)
39. \$1,097 (http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat39.pdf)
40. 77cents (http://www.pay-equity.org/info-time.html)

The National Alliance for Partnerships in Equity is a consortium of national, state and local education and workforce development organizations committed to access, equity and diversity. NAPE fulfills its mission by providing professional development for teachers, administrators, and counselors; research on issues of equity in education; technical assistance to state and local education agencies; and advocacy on behalf of our members with public policy makers at the federal level.

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Members: Find instructions and updates at napequity.org/startlingstatements


Funded by a grant from the National Science Foundation, GSE/EXT:STEM Equity Pipeline Project, Grant No. HRD-1203121
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Updated 4/10/13

